

林冠慧 副教授

過去五年中的合作和熱門研究領域

國家/地區層面的近期外部共同作業。按一下圓點深入探索詳細資料，或從清單中選擇國家/地區



UN SDG

17項永續發展目標相關的專業知識



SDG 1
終結貧窮



SDG 3
健康與福祉



SDG 15
陸域生命



SDG 16
和平、正義與強韌的制度



SDG 13
氣候行動

氣候與災難風險研究室

REACHES^{dr} Lab



Risk is determined by interactions among hazard, vulnerability, exposure and responses to risk.

Risk assessments span all three IPCC Working Groups (WGs)

Climate event or related trend (WG I/ WG II)



People, ecosystems, human systems and assets exposed and their propensity or predisposition to be adversely affected (WGII)

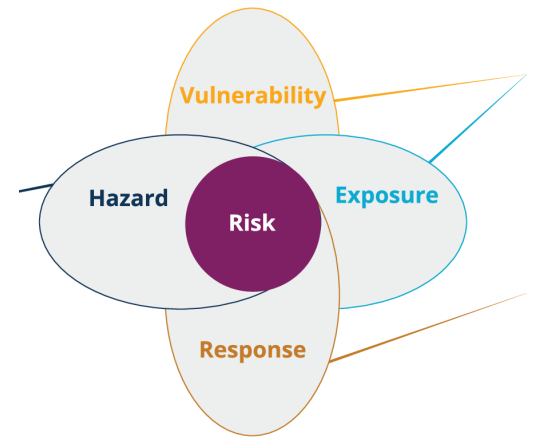
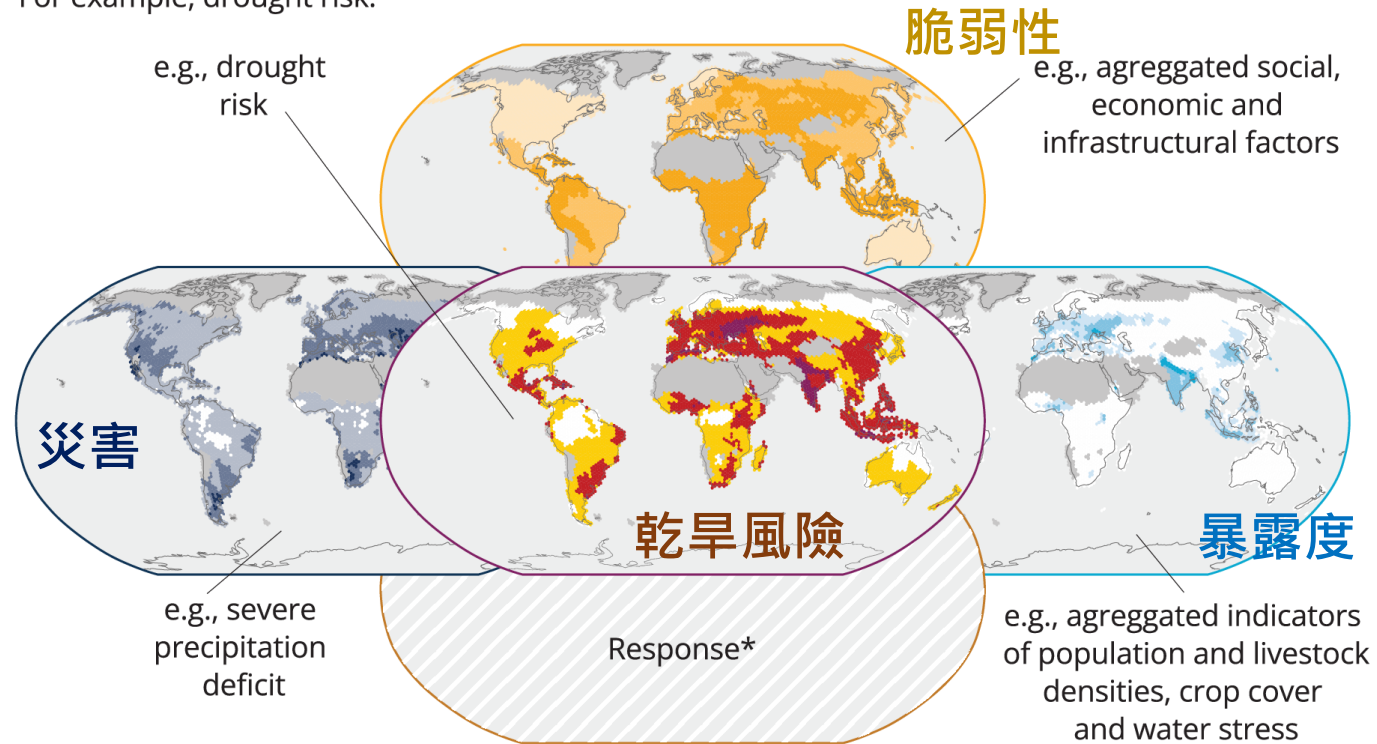
Risks from human adaptation and mitigation responses to climate change failing to achieve intended outcome or creating adverse outcomes elsewhere (WGII/ WGIII)

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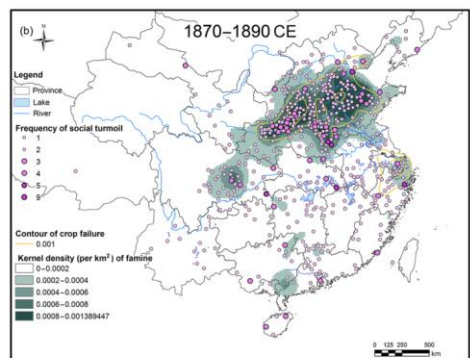
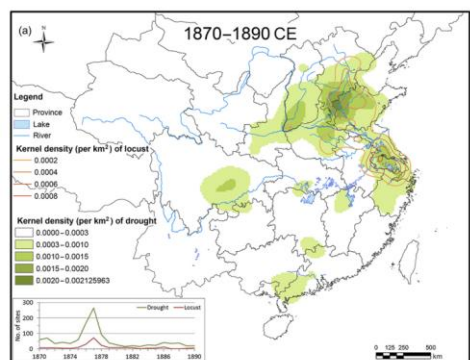
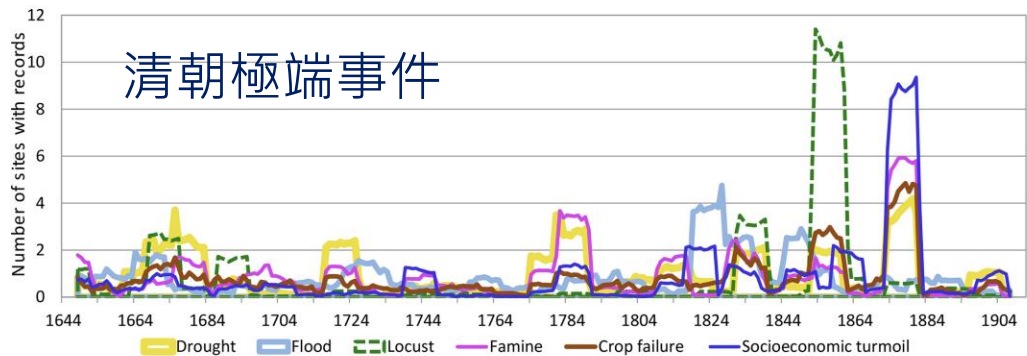
b. Data on risk and its determinants is often available in distinct spatially explicit layers. For example, drought risk.



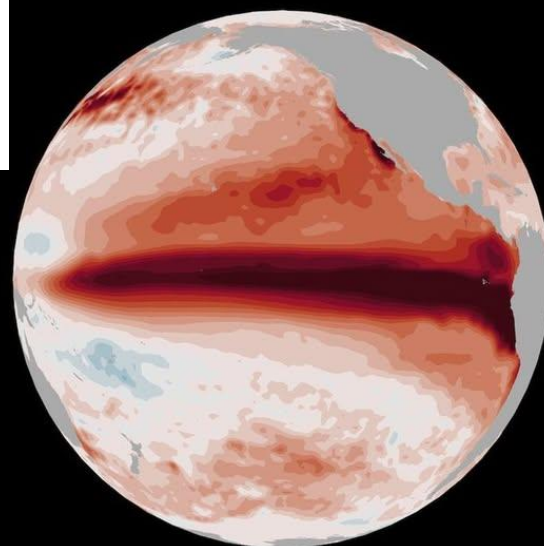
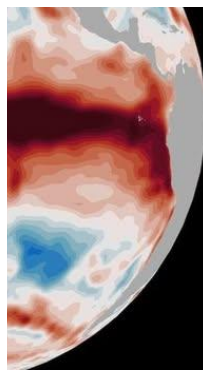
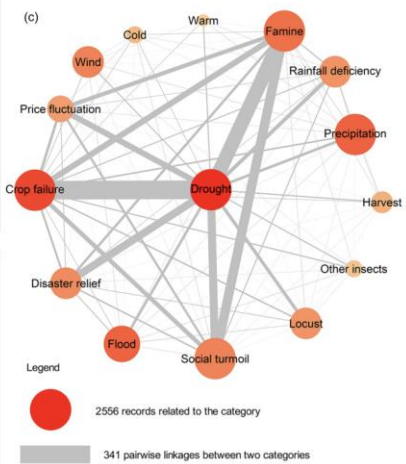
* Although limited availability of data hindered the inclusion of the response determinant in the risk framework for the IPCC sixth assessment, it remains an opportunity for the next assessment cycle.

REACHES 東亞歷史氣候科學

K.-H. E. Lin et al.: Historical droughts in the Qing dynasty



乾旱分布



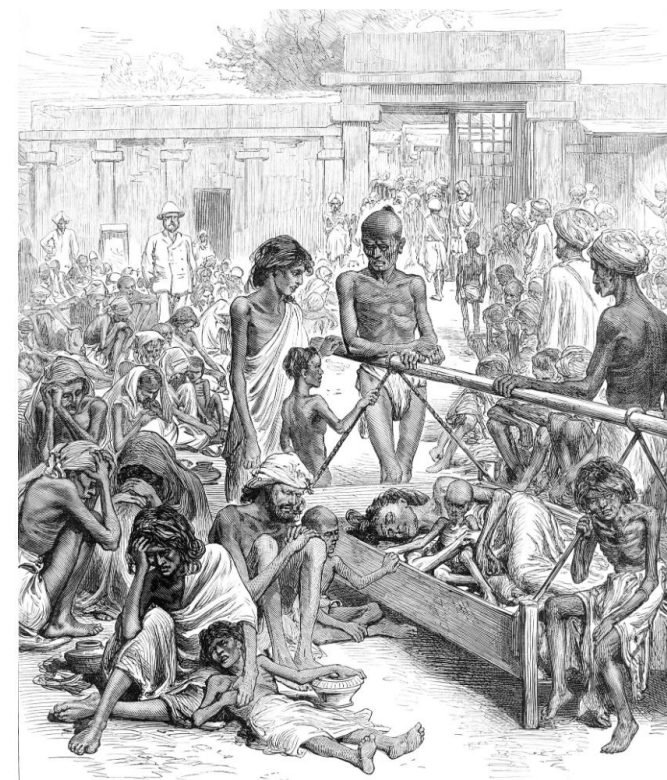
El Niño 超級聖嬰

2026

The New York Times

A Powerful El Niño Is Forming. If History Is a Guide, It Could Hit Hard.

The biggest episodes of the past have altered the course of human events, according to researchers. An emerging one is drawing historic comparisons.

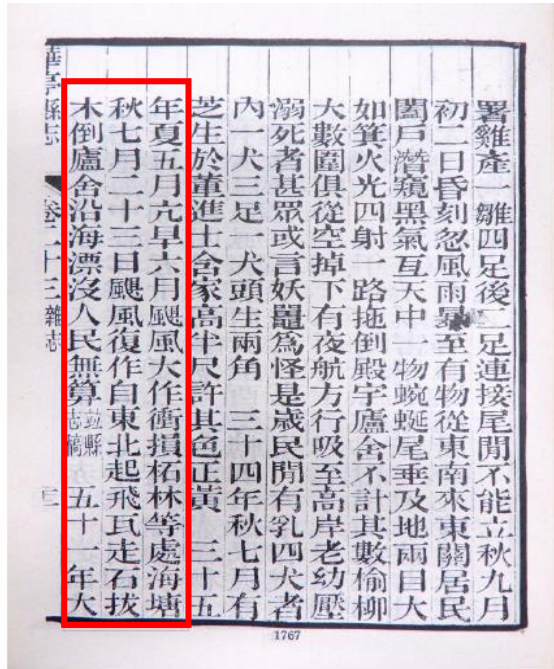


An 1877 illustration from a London newspaper showed people in Bangalore, southern India, seeking famine relief. Universal Images Group, via Getty Images

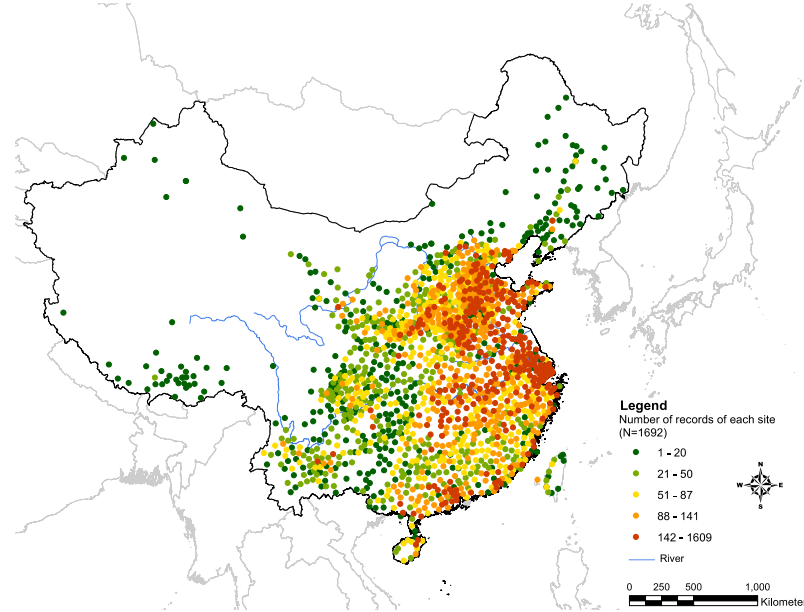
Figure 12. Spatial distribution of the kernel density function of drought and locust outbreaks (a) and social turmoil (b), and the social network chart (c) in the drought period 1870-1890.

REACHES 東亞歷史氣候科學

Wang et al., 2018, 2024 in Scientific Data

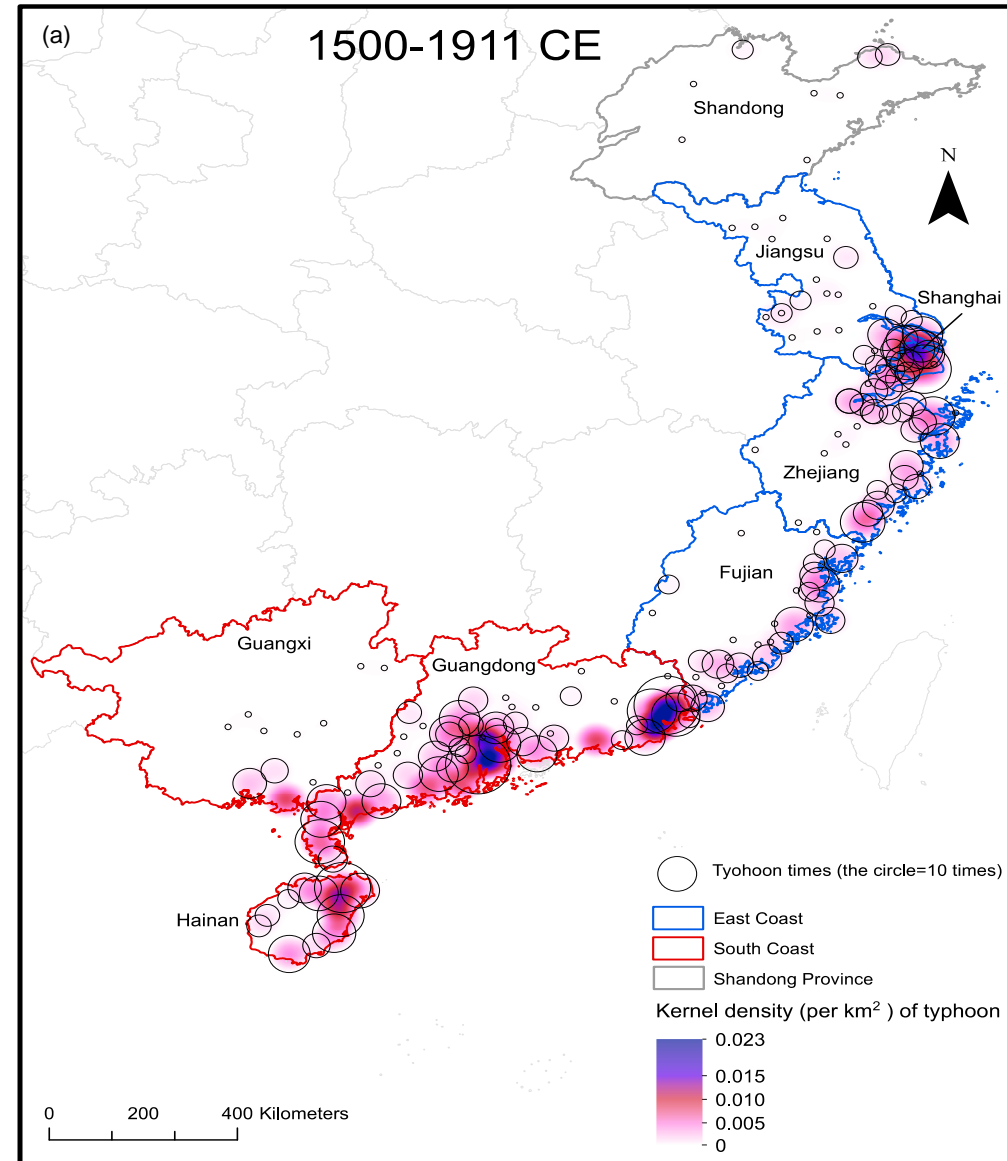


1368-1911 >10萬筆紀錄

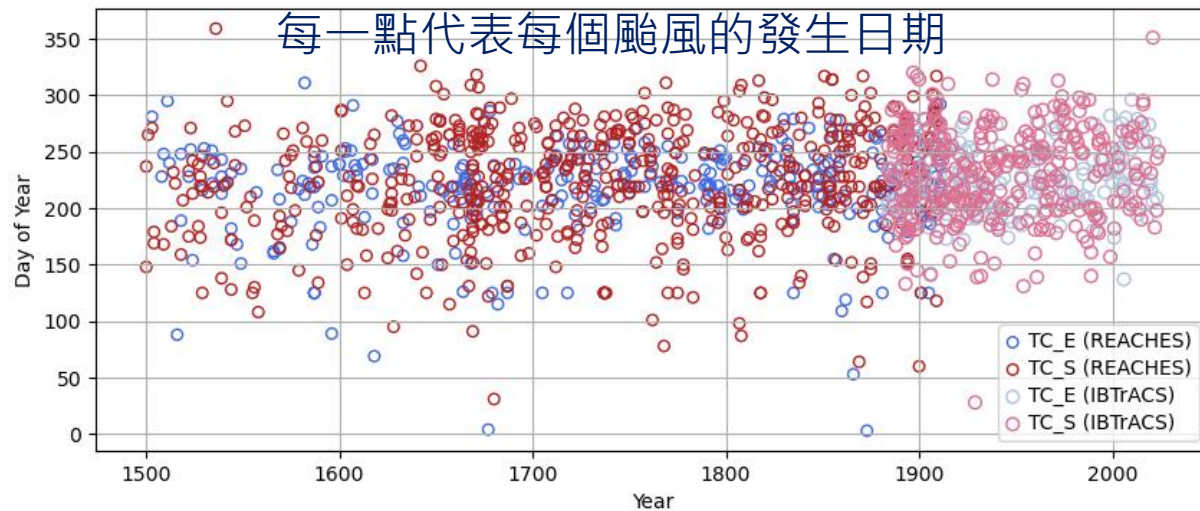


古颱風重建

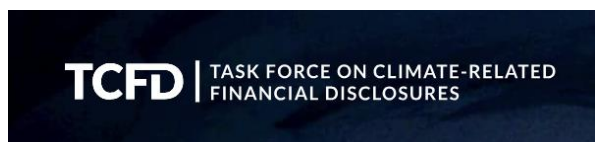
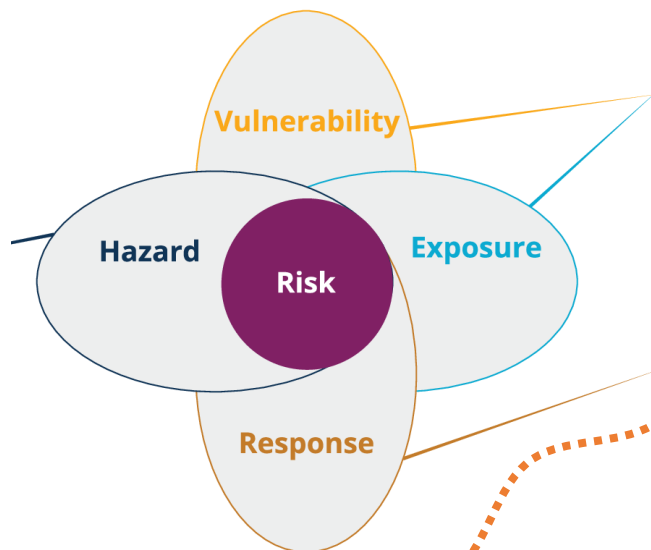
Lin et al., 2025 in PNAS



每一點代表每個颱風的發生日期



REACHES⁺dr 氣候與災難風險



▲ 氣候相關風險

TCFD 工作小組將氣候相關風險劃分為兩大類：

- (1) 與氣候變遷影響相關的實體風險和
- (2) 與低碳經濟相關的轉型風險。

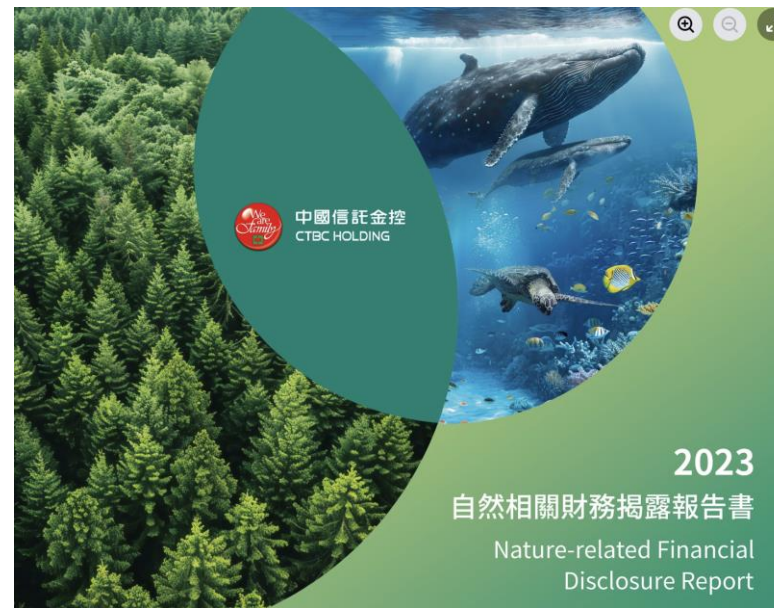
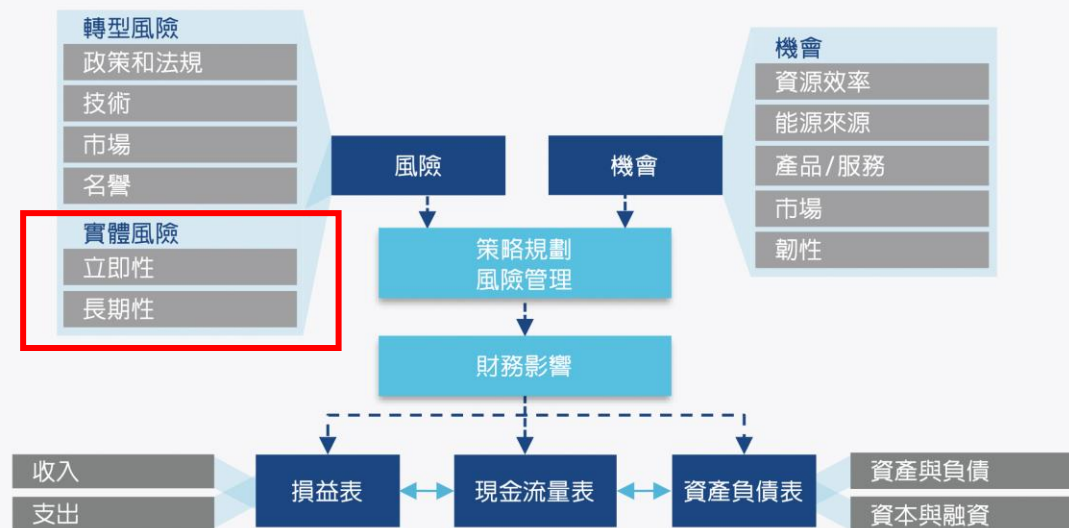
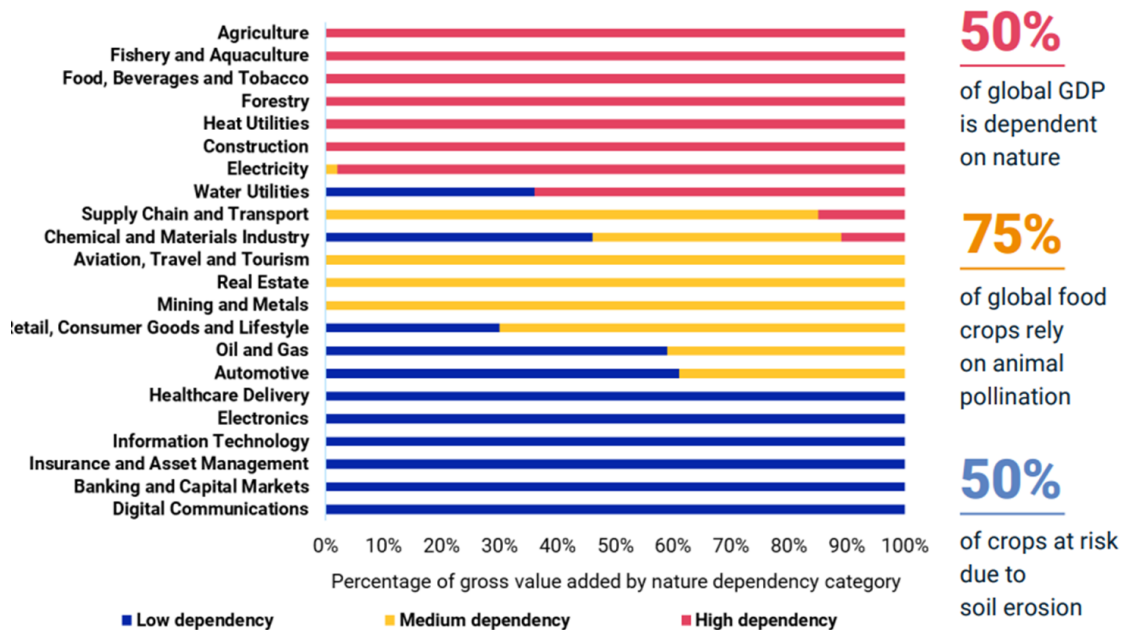


Figure 1
氣候相關風險、機會和財務影響



REACHES^{dr} 從氣候到自然風險

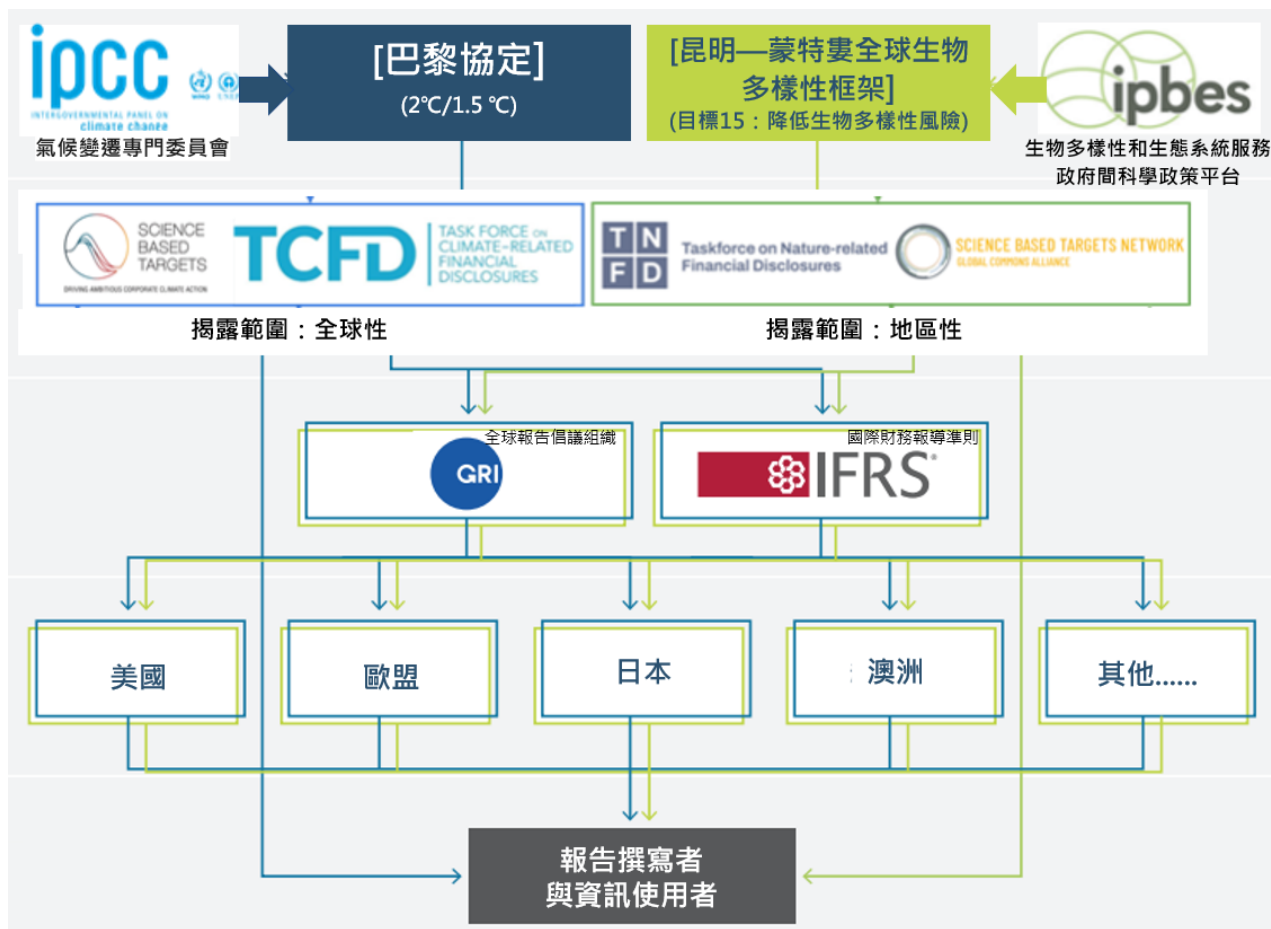
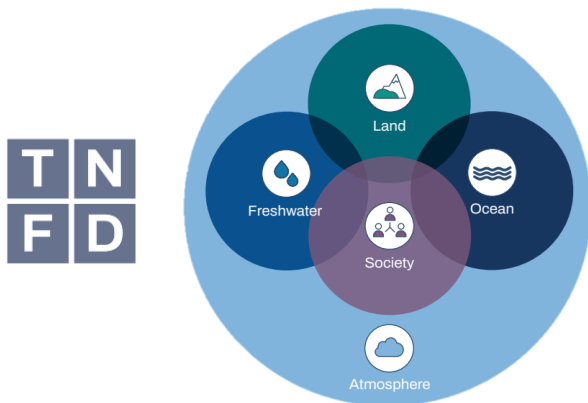
全球50 %的 GDP 依賴自然資本(Klug et al., 2023).



50%
of global GDP is dependent on nature

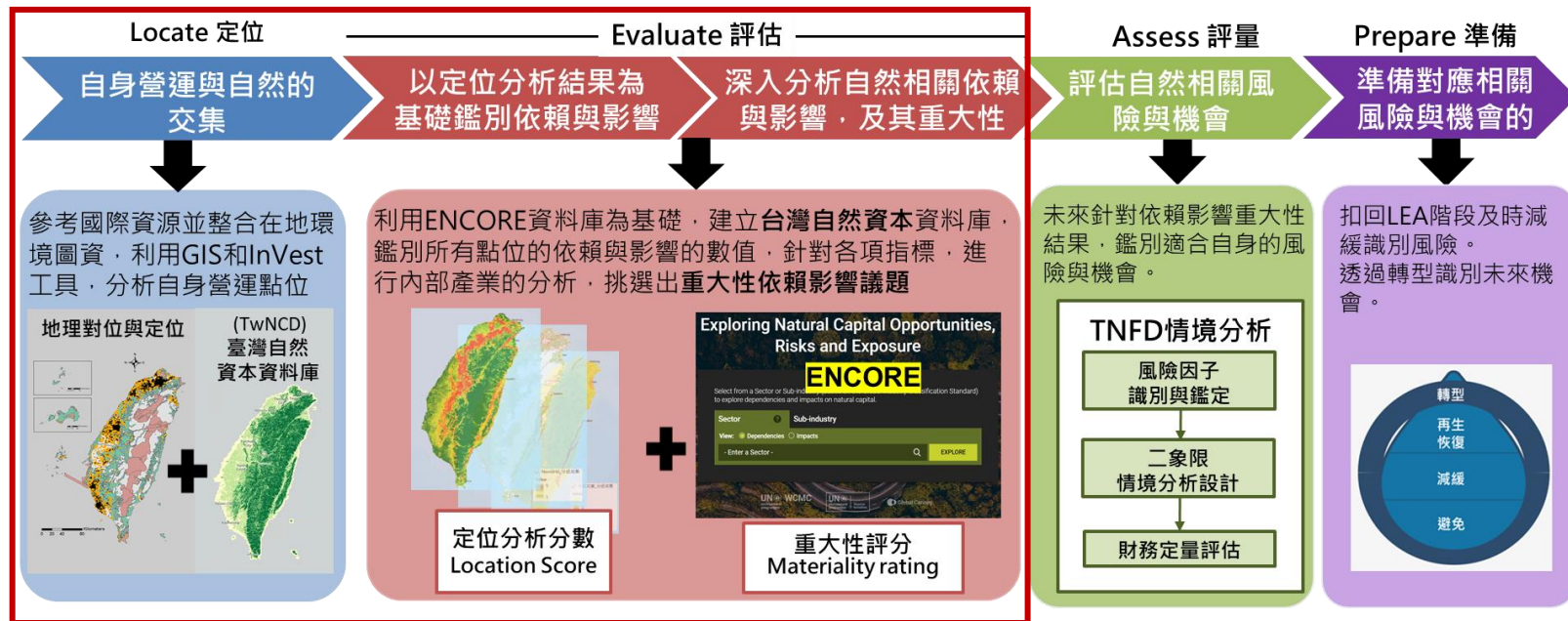
75%
of global food crops rely on animal pollination

50%
of crops at risk due to soil erosion

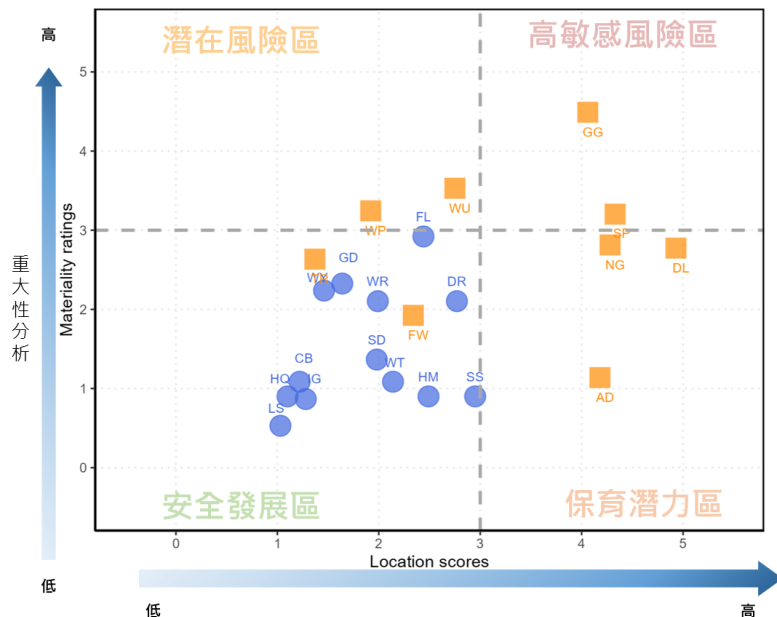


REACHES^{dr} 建立臺灣在地方法學

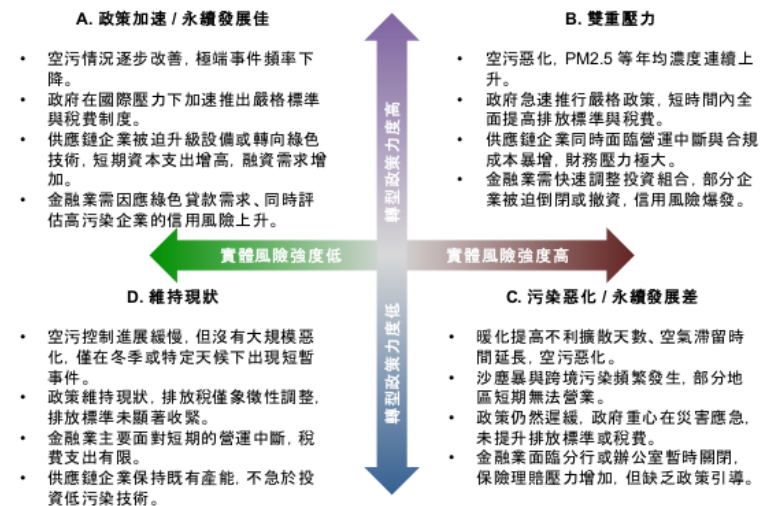
評估方法學 LEAP



產業-分析重大性矩陣圖

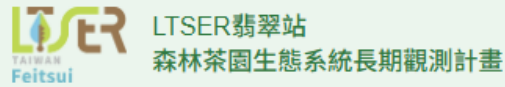


空氣汙染情境分析



REACHES^{dr} TNFD未來發展方向

在地資料庫擴充與建置



生物多樣性資料 – 被動聲學監測鳥音資料

野外排程錄音機



eBird

鳥音自動辨識軟體

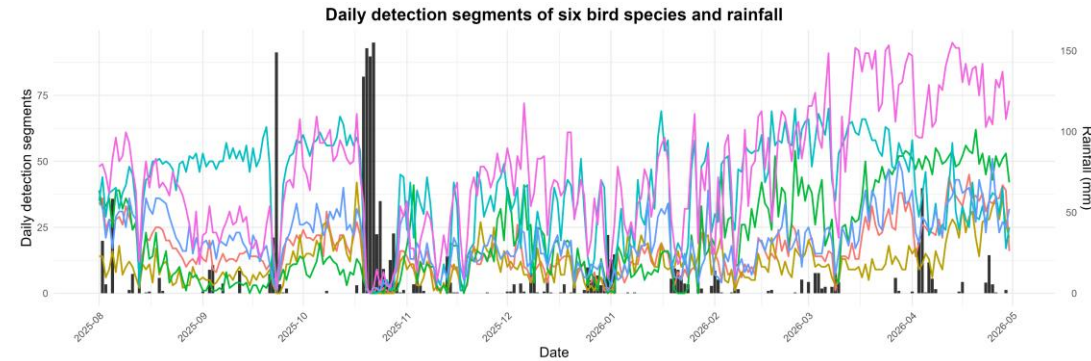


資料上傳開放平台

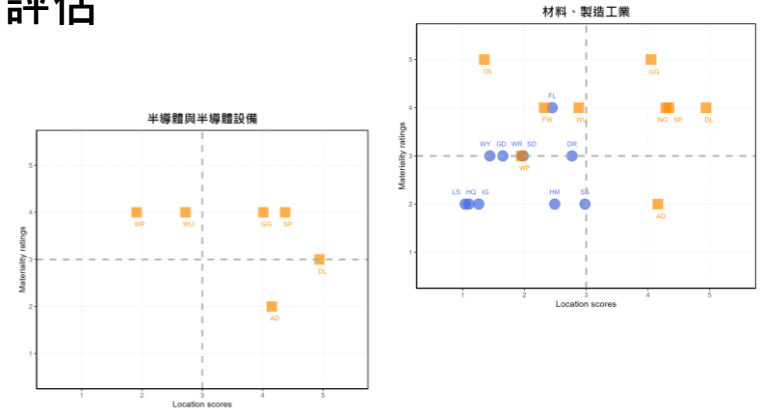


資料處理與分析

- 慣行 VS 有機茶園
- 環境 VS 人為干擾
- 日行性 VS 夜行性



不同產業TNFD評估、風險財務量化評估



在地化生態系統服務量化計算

- ① 生物多樣性、水資源等多種生態系統服務量化計算
- ② 服務量化後與財務計算結合

合作單位

校內：生科院、資工系

校外：



農業部林業及自然保育署
Forestry and Nature Conservation Agency, Ministry of Agriculture

歐洲地球科學聯合會(EGU)



國際合作團隊

University of Bern, Switerland

自然地理學：Prof. Dr. Stefan Brönnimann

歷史學：Prof. Dr. Heli Huhtamaa

University of Stockholm, Sweden

自然地理學：Prof. Dr. Qiong Zhang

歷史學：Prof. Dr. Fredrik C. Ljungqvist

International PAGES 2K, hydroclimate 2K, and CRIAS

歡迎加入309B！